**241/1**

**HISTORY
(East Africa)**

**Paper 1**

**Uganda Certificate of Education**

HISTORY OF EAST AFRICA

(C.1000 to Independence)

**Paper 1**

2 hours

**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

* *Answer* ***four*** *questions.*
* ***All*** *questions carry equal marks.*
* *Introductions, conclusions and illustrations are necessary.*
* *Any additional questions will* ***not*** *be marked.*

**Turn Over**

1. (a) Describe the movement of the River lake nilotics in East Africa by 1800.

 (15 marks)

 (b) What effects did they have on the people of East Africa? (10 marks)

2. (a) Why were the Arabs interested in the East African coast between AD 1000 and 1500? (10 marks)

 (b) What were the effects of their settlement at the coast? (15 marks)

3. Describe the organization of the following societies in East Africa by 1850.

 (a) Nyamwezi (13 marks)

 (b) The Masai (12 marks)

4. (a) What factors contributed to the growth of long distance trade? (10 marks)

 (b) How was this trade orgainsed during the 19th century? (15 marks)

5. (a) Why was the 1900 Buganda agreement signed? (13 marks)

 (b) How did the terms of the agreement affect the people of Uganda upto independence? (12 marks)

6. (a) Why was the Uganda railway constructed? (12 marks)

 (b) Explian the contribution of the Uganda railway to the development of East Africa?

 (13 marks)

7. (a) Why were the white settlers interested in Kenya? (13 marks)

 (b) How did their activities affect the people of Kenya? (12 marks)

8. (a) What were the causes of the conflicts between European and Asian communities in Kenya before 1923? (12 marks)

 (b) How were these conflicts settled by the 1923 Devonshire White Paper?

 (13 marks)

9. (a) What were the causes of the Mau Mau rebellion? (13 marks)

 (b) Explain the effects of this rebellion. (12 marks)

10. (a) Explain the factors that contributed to the growth of Nationalism in Kenya.

 (12 marks)

 (b) What problems did the nationalists face? (13 marks)

***END***