INTRODUCTION TO COMPUTERS

- 1. (a). Define the the **computer**.
 - (b). Outline **four** characteristics of a good computer.
 - (c). State five advantages of using a computer today for data processing.
 - (d). State three reasons to suggest why laptop computers are more common today.

2. (a). Distinguish between computer generations and computer evolution.

- (b). (i). State **four** characteristics of computing devices developed during the mechanical eral.
 - (ii). State **three** examples of computing devices developed during the mechanical era.
- (c). Identify the major scientific discoveries in each of the following generations:

| Generation | Discovery / milestone |
|------------|-----------------------|
| First | |
| Second | |
| Third | |
| Fourth | |
| Fifth | |

- 3. (a). State **three** bases for classifying computers.
 - (b). Give four characteristics of second generation computers.
 - (c). Explain the following terms as used in relation to computer use:
 - (i). Versatile.(ii). Diligent.
 - (iii). Automation.
 - (iv). Garbage in , Garbage out.
 - (v). Artificial intelligence.
 - (d). Give **four** disadvantages of using computers for data processing.
- 4. (a). State any three ways computes have caused un-employment in Uganda.
 - (b). List **four** characteristics of first generation computer.
 - (c). State any **four** examples of computers classified under / as personal computers.
 - (d). Give three advantages that were associated with the development of the integrated circuit.
- 5. (a). State **four** characteristics of the following forms of computers:
 - (i). Super computers.
 - (ii). Mini computers.
 - (iii).Mainframe computers.

(iv). Micro - computers. Revision Kit - S4

Computer Studies

1

- (b). List three features of third generation computers.
- 6. Outline five practical uses of computers in each of the following sector areas:
 - (i). Security.
 - (ii). Governance.
 - (iii). Education.ee
 - (iv). Transport.
 - (v). *Entertainment*.
 - (vi). Military.
 - (vii). Business.
- 7. (a). (i). Define the term **computer system**.
 - (ii). Outline any **five** elements of a computer system.
 - (b). State **four** factors to consider before buying a computer for use.
 - (c). Distinguish between the following pairs of terms:
 - (i). Special purpose and general purpose computers.
 - (ii). Analogue and digital computers.
 - (iii). Data and information.
 - (iv). Stand alone and networked computers.
 - (d). Give five characteristics of fourth generation computers.
- 8. (a). State any **three** divisions of a computer's keyboard.
 - (b). Describe each of the following keyboard keys:
 - (i). Enter key.
 - (ii). Escape key.
 - (iii). Capslock key.
 - (iv). Tab key.
 - (v). Shift key.
 - (vi). Num lock.
 - (vii). Functional keys.
- 9. (a). Name three buttons that work as ON/OFF switche on a computer's keyboard.
 - (b). State the difference between **backspace** and **delete** key.
 - (c). Using a computer's keyboard, show how the following are carried out:-
 - (i). Confirm a command.
 - (ii). Select the entire document.
 - (iii). Print a page.
 - (iv). Restart a computer.
 - (v). Cancel an operation or command.

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2

10.(a). Name one computing device that was developed by the following personalities:

- (i). Pascal Blaise.
- (ii). Herman Hollerith.
- (iii). John Napier.
- (iv). Konrad Zuse.
- (b). Give characteristics of the ENIAC computer.
- (c). In your own analysis, suggest **five** reasons to support the idea that first generation computers were not popular.
- (d). Outline **five** characteristics of computers developed in the fifth computer generation.
- 11. (a). Identify **four** hardware components that are supplied as part of a functional desktop computer.
 - (b). Write the following abbreviation in full:
 - (i). *CPU*.
 - (ii). COBOL.
 - (iii). PC.
 - (iv). MIPS.
 - (c). State **four** reasons for taking computers studies as a subject in secondary schools today.
- 12.(a). Write a list of **seven** measures you would take to maintain and care for your computer.
 - (b). Use only **one** of the following words to fill in the spaces below in a way of describing major functions of a computer system.

storage, input, processing, output.

- (i). With, a computer keeps data for future use.
- (ii). allows data to be generated using devices like a keyboard.
- (iii). enables the computer to display data / information.
- (iv). helps the computer to convert data into information.